Original: 2172

**IRRC** 

From: Sent:

Dan Regan [Dregan@ENERGYPA ORG]

Monday, April 09, 2001 3:26 PM

To:

IRRC@irrc.state.pa.us

Subject:

Public Utility Commission: Regulations Concerning Natural Gas Emergency

Plans and Emergency Actions



20010323

nergency Planning Le
Per my discussion this morning with Fiona Wilmarth, a copy of the

Energy

Association of Pennsylvania's reply comments in the gas emergency docket is attached for your review and files.

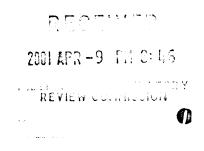
Please let me know if I can be of further assistance.

Dan Regan

Vice President: Regulatory Affairs Energy Association of Pennsylvania 800 North Third St. #301 Harrisburg, PA 17102 717-901-0631

Fax: 717-901-0611

<<20010323 Emergency Planning Letter Comment (DRAFT).doc>>



see below

March 27, 2001

Mr. James J. McNulty, Secretary Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission Keystone Building, Second Floor Harrisburg, Pa

VIA HAND DELIVERY

Re: Docket No. L-00000151: Natural Gas Emergency Plans and Emergency Actions

Dear Mr. McNulty:

Pursuant to the Proposed Rulemaking Order adopted by the Commission on July 20, 2000 and published in the February 10, 2001 issue of the *Pennsylvania Bulletin* (31 Pa.B. 805), the Energy Association of Pennsylvania (the "Energy Association"), on behalf of its natural gas distribution company ("NGDC") members, submits this letter for consideration in lieu of formal reply comments. Per Ordering Paragraph 6, *id.* at 806, the original and 15 copies of this letter are tendered for filing, and, concurrently, a copy is being served on the Commission's Bureau of Conservation, Economics and Energy Planning per the designated contact person. As this letter does not constitute formal comments, it does not appear necessary to submit a diskette containing the text in electronic format. If necessary, however, the Energy Association will provide the text by electronic mail on request (contact dregan@energypa.org).

### **General Comment**

Consistent with the Commission's Well-Established Policies Favoring Working Groups and Collaborative Policy Development, the Commission Should Reject the Office of Consumer Advocate's Attempt to Reargue Matters That Were Discussed and Settled in the Collaborative Process.

As the Commission notes, these proposed regulations are the result of a collaborative process of give and take among the different segments of the natural gas community. One of the cornerstones of the collaborative process is the parties agreement to abide by whatever compromise is reached. Parties may agree to disagree, and even agree that comments may be submitted on specific, pre-designated points, but they should not be allowed to obtain the benefits of a compromise and then file comments to take a second bite of the apple.

As the Commission notes, the Office of Consumer Advocate ("OCA") was an active party throughout this docket, both at the working group level and within the smaller group that negotiated the specific language appearing in the proposed regulations. Consistent with the spirit of collaboration, every party but one abided by the compromise language and refrained from filing initial comments. Only one party, OCA, felt it was not bound by the provisions that were agreed to by all, including itself.

The Energy Association respectfully submits that OCA's comments should be rejected. It would be one thing if OCA's suggestions amounted to modest, technical corrections which advance and clarify the intent of the collaborative and which honestly could be characterized as nonobjectionable. The Energy

Association's predecessor made precisely this type of suggestion in comments addressing the Commission's policy statement on maintaining natural gas safety and reliability. *Maintaining Safety and Reliability for Natural Gas Supply and Distribution* Service, 30 Pa.B. 6358, 6359 (2000) (Pennsylvania Gas Association successfully suggesting one of the policy statement's definitions be amended to conform to the way the same term was defined in another Commission proceeding). In the docket at hand, such a suggestion could have been made with respect to including "residential use" as a defined term. As it turns out, that term does not appear anywhere else in the regulations, and one could reasonably suggest deleting it as an inadvertent vestige from past drafts.

OCA's comments, in contrast, go far beyond minor, technical matters. For example, its comment regarding "residential use" is that the phrase should be inserted as an addition to the class of priority 1 uses. "Comments of the Office of Consumer Advocate," page 3. The substantive effect of OCA's suggestion is not totally clear, and OCA does not explain why its suggested wording would add anything to the regulations given the types of consumption already falling within the definition of "essential human needs use." Nevertheless, it is certainly not the kind of change that one can assume would have been unanimously adopted by the members of the collaborative.

The Energy Association therefore respectfully suggests the Commission reject OCA's comments and uphold the work product of the industry collaborative. To do otherwise would be to embrace the notion that collaborative work products are simply opening positions, which parties may attack for whatever gain may result, and once that notion is embraced, parties may well question whether there is any value to participating in collaboratives in the first place.

#### Specific Comments

1. Section 59.72(b) Should Be Adopted as Proposed Because It Is Impossible to Require a Regulated Party to Contract with an Unregulated One.

As proposed Section 59.72(b) would encourage NGDCs to arrange for customers to agree to reduce or discontinue service so that forced service reductions can be avoided or minimized. OCA would rephrase this provision to require NGDCs to make a reasonable attempt to enter into such arrangements. The obvious question (and one that cannot be resolved no matter what an NGDC does) is: What constitutes a reasonable attempt? Because the other parties to these potential arrangements are not subject to the Commission's jurisdiction, there is no legal mechanism to force them to do anything. What happens if these parties simply do not want to enter these arrangements, or want to do so at costs that would not pass commercial or regulatory muster? Under OCA's proposal, NGDCs would be forever subject to regulatory second guessing. If an arrangement is not made, NGDC could find itself having to defend whether it was reasonable in its attempt; and if an arrangement is made, the NGDC could find itself having to defend whether the *quid pro quo* it offered was unreasonably generous.

For these reasons and others, the language appearing in Proposed Section 59.72(b) was carefully considered and crafted by the working group. OCA should not be heard to disturb that language now.

2. OCA's Comment Regarding Proposed Section 59.72(c) Is Apparently Erroneous as Its Suggested Language Already Appears in the Proposed Text.

OCA suggests amending Proposed Section 59.72(c) to change "should" to "shall." But "should" does not appear in Proposed Section 59.72(c) or any of its subparts, so there is no basis for addressing the matter further.

OCA's Suggested Changes to Proposed Section 59.72(d) Should Be Rejected as Inappropriate
Attempts to Prescribe the Method, Timing and Wording of Customer Notices to a Level of Detail

Beyond That Agreed to by the Members of the Working Group.

Proposed section 59.72(d) reads the way it does because the members of the working group recognized the diverse (and ever changing) array of means that can be used to notify customers; the fact that different means of notification may be appropriate under different circumstances; and the impossibility of predetermining which means would be appropriate in the throes of a specific emergency situation. Even so, the notices addressed in Proposed section 59.72(d) will, to a significant extent, be governed by the NGDC's emergency plan, and under Section 59.72(c), these plans must contain provisions addressing emergency load shedding, voluntary usage reductions, the imposition of mandatory usage reductions, reports to the media, and, most important of all, customer notification in the event the NGDC expects to initiate emergency action. Proposed Section 59.72(c)(1)-(5). The level of micromanagement OCA suggests was not approved by the working group and would be unworkable in practice. OCA's suggestions should be rejected accordingly

4. While Proposed Section 59.73(h) Could Be Reworded both to Clarify How Service Curtailment Will Be Implemented and to Tie the Curtailment Process More Closely to the NGDC Tariffs, OCA's Suggestions Contradict the Working Group's Consensus and Incorrectly Presume that a Pro Rata Allocation of Methane Molecules on a Customer-by-Customer Basis Can Be Accomplished as a Practical Matter.

Proposed Section 59.73(h) reads as follows:

- (h) Upon issuance of an order to initiate priority-based curtailments, the available gas supplies to the NGDC **should** be prorated among its customers in accordance with the following priorities of use:
  - (1) Customers in a higher priority will not be curtailed until all customers falling into a lower category have been restricted to plant protection use levels, unless operational circumstances or physical limitations warrant a different result.
  - (2) Where only a partial restriction of a classification is required, implementation **should** be pro rata.
  - (3) The pro rata rationing, to the extent practical under the circumstances, will be based on a method set forth in the NGDC's tariff.

(emphasis supplied).

OCA would change the two highlighted "shoulds" to "shall"; in effect, making pro rata curtailment mandatory. In drafting these provisions, however, the members of the working group recognized that while pro rata curtailment is desirable as an objective, it is impossible to achieve as a practical matter. Given present technology, there is simply no way to ensure that every member of a curtailment priority category (or sub-category) will in fact receive only its pro rated share of available natural gas molecules.

Accordingly, the Energy Association supports keeping the working group language as proposed. However, if the Commission believes some revisions are necessary, the Energy Association suggests amending Section 59.73(h) as follows:

(h) Upon issuance of an order to initiate priority-based curtailments, the <del>available</del> gas supplies to the NGDC should be prorated among its customers in accordance with deliver available supplies to its customers according to the following priorities of use:

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(additions in bold, deletions stricken through).

These changes, unlike OCA's, reflect the operating realities that motivated the working group to write Section 59.73(h) as it appears in the proposed Rulemaking Order.

The Energy Association appreciates this opportunity to comment, and urges the Commission to consider the points detailed above as it continues its deliberations.

Respectfully submitted,

Dan Regan Vice President: Regulatory Affairs

cc: Dr. Z. Ahmed Kaloko, Director, Bureau of CEEP (VIA HAND DELIVERY)
Tanya J. McCloskey, OCA (VIA FIRST CLASS MAIL)
Energy Association: Gas Regulatory Committee



RECEIVED

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REVIEW COMMOS.ON

GOPY

**Business Reply To:** 

see below

March 27, 2001

Mr. James J. McNulty, Secretary Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission Keystone Building, Second Floor Harrisburg, Pa

VIA HAND DELIVERY

Re: Docket No. L-00000151: Natural Gas Emergency Plans and Emergency Action

Dear Mr. McNulty:

OI MAR 27 FM 2: 31

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Respectfully submitted,

dan Regan Vice President: Regulatory Affairs

Dr. Z. Ahmed Kaloko, Director, Bureau of CEEP (VIA HAND DELIVERY)

Tanya J. McCloskey, OCA (VIA FIRST CLASS MAIL)

**Energy Association: Gas Regulatory Committee** 

CC:

# **COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA**



### OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCATE

COPY

FAX (717) 783-7152 E-Mail: paoca@ptd.net

555 Walnut Street 5th Floor, Forum Place Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17101-1923 (717) 783-5048

IRWIN A. POPOWSKY Consumer Advocate

Original: 2172

March 12, 2001

James J. McNulty, Secretary PA Public Utility Commission Commonwealth Keystone Building 400 North Street Harrisburg, PA 17105-3265

Re:

Proposed Rulemaking Order for Natural Gas Emergency Plans and Emergency Actions

Docket No. L-00000151

Dear Mr McNulty:

Enclosed please find for filing an original and 15 copies of the Office of Consumer Advocate's comments relating to Natural Gas Emergency Plans and Emergency Actions.

Copies have been served upon all parties of record as shown on the attached Certificate of Service.

Sincerely,

Tanya J. McCloskey

Senior Assistant Consumer Advocate

**Enclosures** 

cc:

All parties of record

Daniel Regan, Pa. Energy Association

# BEFORE THE PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION

Proposed Rulemaking

Natural Gas Emergency Plans and

Docket No. L-00000151

**Emergency Actions** 

# COMMENTS OF THE OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCATE

On February 10, 2001, the Proposed Rulemaking Order of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission (PUC) relating to Natural Gas Emergency Plans and Emergency Actions was published in the Pennsylvania Bulletin. *Pennsylvania Bulletin, Vol.31, No.6.* The proposed Rulemaking sets forth the Commission's proposed regulations for managing natural gas emergencies in order to maintain or promptly restore gas service and minimize service disruptions for essential needs customers. This proposal addresses emergencies which are defined as situations where available firm supply or capacity is not sufficient to meet firm service requirements. This excludes the interruption or restoration of interruptible customers.

The Office of Consumer Advocate (OCA) strongly supports the promulgation of these regulations. The OCA has a few concerns regarding these proposed additions to Chapter 59. Our concerns reflect issues similar to those we raised in response to the earlier Gas Curtailment Guidelines at §§69.21-27. Specifically, the OCA submits that the critical nature of these proposed regulations makes it necessary to frame requirements in clear and unambiguous language. Mandatory language is preferable for addressing emergencies.

§59.72(b) - Natural Gas Distribution Companies (NGDCs) should be obligated to attempt to make contractual or informal arrangements with market participants. We believe that all reasonable preparations should be made for emergencies.

, NGDCs are encouraged to make contractual or informal arrangements...to obtain supplies or, as an alternative, to implement usage reductions so that resorting to firm service reductions under 59.73 (relating to emergency action) can be avoided, or the severity of supply or capacity disruption can be mitigated.

The OCA submits that the language in this section cannot be expected to produce the best possible result. The OCA submits that the words "are encouraged" should be changed to "shall make a reasonable effort." This strengthens the requirement substantially without making it unrealistic.

§59.72(c) - This Section also does not use specific, directive language. The uncertainty caused by the less specific language could produce unpredictable and potentially ineffective results. The OCA submits that the word "should" in this paragraph be changed to "shall".

§59.72(d) - Similarly, the OCA proposes that the word "should" be changed to "shall" in §59.72(d). Emergency procedures ought to be specified. Without this mandatory language, neither the Commission nor customers can know how emergencies will be handled. This change will make notice provisions available for PUC review when plans are filed consistent with §59.72(a).

§59.72(d) Timely notification will insure that customers have the greatest opportunity to respond to expected or potential curtailment. Language should be added to this section specifying that the specified notice procedures will be initiated as quickly as is reasonably possible. The OCA suggests the following: "Notice shall be given as quickly as is reasonably possible after the existence of emergency conditions and the appropriate responses are determined by the NGDC."

§59.72(d) This section should be modified to require that notice be consistent with the Commission's existing Plain Language Policy. Clarity is a fundamental of effective communication in emergencies. We suggest this language at the end of this section: "All notices shall be prepared consistent with the Commission's Plain Language Policy."

§59.73(h) - Proration of available gas supplies in an emergency is a critical process. The OCA

generally agrees that the proration hierarchy specified in §59.73(h) is reasonable and provides

adequate flexibility for operating contingencies. Therefore NGDCs should be required to follow this

procedure and the language in this section should be changed from "should" to "shall". Likewise,

the language in §59.73(h)(2) should also be mandatory.

§59.73(h)(3)(i)(1) Consistent with the consensus in the Interim Guidelines Working Group, the

definition of Priority 1 should be modified to: "Service for essential human needs and any other

residential use." This sets all residential customers are on a par with other essential human needs

customers.

WHEREFORE, with these modifications, the OCA supports the Commission's Proposed

Rulemaking. The Proposed Rulemaking, as modified by the OCA to provide clearer direction to

NGDCs, provides a strong foundation for ensuring good management of emergencies and minimum

impact when emergencies occur.

Respectfully submitted,

Tanya J. McCloskey

Senior Assistant Consumer Advocate

Counsel for:

Irwin A. Popowsky

Consumer Advocate

Office of Consumer Advocate 555 Walnut Street, 5th Floor, Forum Place

Harrisburg, PA 17101-1923

(717) 783-5048

Dated: March 12, 2001

62585

3

# CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Re: Proposed Rulemaking Order for Natural Gas

**Emergency Plans and Emergency Actions** 

Docket No. L-00000151

I hereby certify that I have this day served a true copy of the foregoing document, OCA comments relating to Natural Gas Emergency Plans and Emergency Actions, upon parties of record in this proceeding in accordance with the requirements of 52 Pa. Code § 1.54 (relating to service by a participant), in the manner and upon the persons listed below:

Dated this 12th day of March, 2001.

# SERVICE BY FIRST CLASS MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID

David Screven Law Bureau PA Public Utility Commission Room 203, North Office Bldg. P. O. Box 3265 Harrisburg, PA 17105-3265

Diane Warriner Room 628 Main Capitol Bldg. Harrisburg, PA 17120-2036

Delia Stroud, Asst. General Counsel PECO Energy Co. 2301 Market Street., S23-1 Philadelphia, PA 19101

Abby Pozefsky, Senior Vice President & General Counsel Philadelphia Gas Works Legal Department 800 W. Montgomery Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19122 Laureto Farinas, Senior Attorney Philadelphia Gas Works Legal Department 800 W. Montgomery Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19122

Anthony C. Adonizio, Esq. 250 North 24<sup>th</sup> Street Camp Hill, PA 17011

T. W. Merrill, Jr. Competitive Energy Strategies Co. Foster Plaza 10 Suite 200 680 Anderson Drive Pittsburgh, PA 15220

Mr. Robert M. Hovanec, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer T. W. Phillips Gas and Oil Co. 205 North Main Street Butler, PA 16001 John M. Monley Level 12 Williams-Transco 2800 Post Oak Boulevard Houston, TX 77251-1396

Louis D'Amico, Executive Director The Independent Oil & Gas Association of PA 234 State Street, Suite 102 Harrisburg, PA 17101-1149

Mark C. Morrow UGI Corporation 460 North Gulph Road King of Prussia, PA 19406

Michael Martin, Esq. Columbia Gas of Pennsylvania, Inc. 200 Civic Center Drive P. O. Box 117 Columbus, OH 43216

Equitable Gas Company Suite 2000 Allegheny Center Mall Pittsburgh, PA 15252

James Belack, Esq. Carnegie Natural Gas Company 800 Regis Avenue Pittsburgh, PA 15236

National Fuel Gas Distribution Corp. 10 Lafayette Square Buffalo, NY 14203

Susan George, Esq. The Peoples Natural Gas Company 625 Liberty Avenue Pittsburgh, PA 15222

John Hilyard, Jr., Mgr. Penn Fuel Gas Inc. 55 South Third Street Oxford, PA 19363 Bernard A. Ryan, Jr., Esq. Office of Small Business Advocate Suite 1102, Commerce Bldg. 300 North Second Street Harrisburg, PA 17101

David Beasten 100 Kachel Boulevard Suite 400 Green Hills Corporate Center Reading, PA 19607

Carl Meyers UGI Energy Services, Inc. Vice President and General Manager 1100 Berkshire Boulevard Suite 305 Wyomissing, PA 19610

John F. Kell, Jr. Vice President Financial Services PG Energy Inc. One PE<sub>1</sub> Center Wilkes-Barre, PA 18711-0601

Steven Huntoon Conectiv Energy P. O. Box 6066 Newark, NJ 19714-6066

Kenneth D. Archer, Sr. V.P. Pike County Light & Power Co. Pearl River, NY 10965

North Penn Gas Company 78 Mill Street Port Allegheny, PA 16743

Terry Hunt, President Allied Gas Co. 55 South Third Street Oxford, PA 19363 Lena G. Hillwig Andreassi Gas Company 1073 Kittanning Pike Chicora, PA 16025

Robert E. Hogue, V.P. Chartiers Natural Gas Co., Inc. 203 Henry Way Jeannette, PA 15644-9680

Dwight W. Stover CRG, Inc. R.D. #3 Box 56 Knox, PA 16232

Greenridge Oil, Inc. of PA. R.D. #2 New Freeport, PA 15352

Herman Oil & Gas 1095 Herman Road Butler, PA 16001

Honesdale Gas Co. 350 Erie Street Honesdale, PA 18431

Edward L. McCusker, V.P.-Treas. Interboro Gas Co. 55 South Third Street Oxford, PA 19363

Samuel M. Scott Jefferson Gas Company 420 Blvd. of the Allies Pittsburgh, PA 15219

Lori Larkin Larkin Oil & Gas Co. P. O. Box 58 Callensburg, PA 16213 Maple Grove Enterprises, Inc. R. D. 1 Rimersburg, PA 16248

Charles E. Myers Myers Gas Co. Main Street Kennerdell, PA 16374

Nido's Limited, Inc. 144 Winterwood Drive Butler, PA 16001

Samuel H. Miller North East Heat & Light Co. 10700 West Main Road North East, PA 16428

James W. Carl, V.P. NUI Corporation T/A PA & Southern Gas Co. One Elizabeth Plaza Union, NJ 07083-1975

John Habjan, Pres. Pine-Roe Natural Gas Co., Inc. P. O. Box 146 Clarion, PA 16214

Anna Pearl Riemer Riemer, Herman, Gas Co. Riemer, Anna Pearl T/A 134 Winfield Road Sarver, PA 16055

Frank Novosel Sergeant Gas Company 14 Greeves Street P. O. Box 699 Kane, PA 16735

Siegel Gas Company (Owned by the Gourleys) R.D. 2-Box 142 New Bethlehem, PA 16242 William H. Newhart, Jr. Walker Gas & Oil Company, Inc. P. O. box K Bruin, PA 16022

Robert E. Craig, President Wally Gas Co. P. O. Box 191 Chicora, PA 16025

Joelle K. Ogg, Esq. John & Hengerer Suite 600 1200 17<sup>th</sup> Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20036

Richard Fox, President Claysville Natrual Gas Co. 231 Main Street P. O. Box 477 Claysville, PA 15323

Ed Dunmire Dunmire Gas Co. 120 Pine Hill Road Kittanning, PA 16201

Bennie G. Landers, President Kaylor Natural Gas P. O. Box 466 East Bradley, PA 16028 Ronald A. Baker R.A. Baker Gas Co. R.D. 1, Box 87 Worthington, PA 16262

Dwight D. Stover, President CRG Inc. R.D. 3 Box 56 Knox, PA 16232

W. Kevin O'Donnell, Esq. Can Do Inc. One South Church street #200 Hazelton, PA 18201

Brian A. Dingwall United Gas Management Inc. 2909 West Central Ave. Suite 102 Toledo, OH 43606

Gary Jeffries, Esq. CNG Retail Services Corp. One Chatham Center Suite 700 Pittsburgh, PA 15219

Daniel Regan
PA Gas Association
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2<sup>nd</sup> Floor
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# COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION P.O. BOX 3265, HARRISBURG, PA 17105-3265

Original: 2172

March 14, 2001

The Honorable John R. McGinley, Jr. Chairman
Independent Regulatory Review Commission
14th Floor, Harristown II
333 Market Street
Harrisburg, PA 17101

Re:

L-00000151/57-218

**Proposed Rulemaking** 

Natural Gas Emergency Plans and

Emergency Actions 52 Pa. Code, Chapter 59

Dear Chairman McGinley:

Enclosed is one (1) copy of comments received regarding the above regulation as required under Section 5(10)(b.1) of the Regulatory Review Act of June 30, 1989 (P.L. 73, No. 19).

Very truly yours,

Barbara Bruin Executive Director

Comments submitted by:

**OCA** 

cc: Chief Counsel Pankiw
Regulatory Coordinator DelBiondo
Assistant Counsel Screven
Dr. Kaloko